

Standard Chartered Bank
(Hong Kong) Limited

Unaudited Quarterly
Regulatory Disclosure

For the quarter ended
31 March 2020

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
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1. Introduction

This unaudited quarterly regulatory disclosure complies with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules (“Rules”) under section 60A of the Banking Ordinance and the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Loss-absorbing Capacity Requirements - Banking Sector) Rules (“LAC Rules”) under section 19(1) of the Financial Institutions (Resolution) Ordinance (“FIRO”).

References to “the Group” within this document means Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited (“the Bank”) and its subsidiaries.

These banking disclosures are governed by the Bank’s disclosure policy, which has been approved by the Board of Directors. The disclosure policy sets out the approach to determine the content, appropriateness and frequency of the disclosures, the approach to ensure the relevance and adequacy of the disclosures, and the internal control over the process for making the disclosures. The disclosures have been subject to independent review in accordance to the disclosure policy.

According to the Rules and the LAC Rules, disclosure of comparative information is not required unless otherwise specified in the standard disclosure templates. Prior period disclosures can be found in the Regulatory Disclosure section of our website, www.sc.com/hk.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated capital ratios were calculated in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. The basis and scope of consolidation for regulatory purposes is different from the basis and scope of consolidation for accounting purposes.

The Group uses the advanced internal ratings based (“IRB”) approach for both the measurement of credit risk capital requirements and the management of credit risk for the majority of its portfolios. The Group also uses the standardized (credit risk) approach for certain insignificant portfolios exempted from IRB. The Group adopts the securitization-external rating based approach (“SEC-ERBA”) to calculate its credit risk for securitization exposures.

For market risk, the Group uses a stochastic asset-liability model approach for two guaranteed retirement funds and the standardized (market risk) approach for other exposures. In addition, the Group adopts the standardized (operational risk) approach for operational risk.

Loss-absorbing Capacity Disclosures

Hong Kong LAC Rules came into operation on 14 December 2018. Following classification by the HKMA (as resolution authority), in scope entities are required under these rules to issue LAC instruments that can be written down or converted in the event of failure, and maintain minimum LAC resources.

The Group was notified by HKMA of its classification as a material subsidiary under the LAC rules with effect from 1 April 2019, with Standard Chartered PLC (“SC PLC”) as the non-HK resolution entity. Following this classification, the Group has met its minimum LAC requirements since 1 July 2019, and is now publishing LAC disclosures for the period ended 31 March 2020. The basis of calculating the Group’s LAC and RWAs is in accordance with the LAC Rules, with disclosures made using standard templates issued by the HKMA on 31 October 2019.

The Group’s LAC disclosures are included as part of this regulatory disclosure, while SC PLC’s LAC disclosures are included as part of its disclosures which can be found in the Investors section of SC PLC’s website, <https://www.sc.com>.

2. Key prudential ratios and metrics

a. Key prudential ratios (KM1)

The following table sets out an overview of the Group's key prudential ratios.

	(a) At 31 March 2020 HK\$'M	(b) At 31 December 2019 HK\$'M	(c) At 30 September 2019 HK\$'M	(d) At 30 June 2019 HK\$'M	(e) At 31 March 2019 HK\$'M	
Regulatory capital (amount)						
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	128,640	125,235	88,089	86,639	60,510
2	Tier 1	141,501	138,097	100,951	99,500	66,340
3	Total capital	157,237	154,048	116,161	114,616	77,087
RWA (amount)						
4	Total RWA	865,888	836,118	626,174	607,156	430,341
Risk-based regulatory capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)						
5	CET1 ratio (%)	14.9%	15.0%	14.1%	14.3%	14.1%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	16.3%	16.5%	16.1%	16.4%	15.4%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	18.2%	18.4%	18.6%	18.9%	17.9%
Additional CET1 buffer requirements (as a percentage of RWA)						
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%) ¹	0.4%	0.9%	1.5%	1.5%	1.8%
10	Higher loss absorbency requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs or D-SIBs) ²	1.5%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
11	Total AI-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	4.4%	4.4%	5.0%	5.0%	5.3%
12	CET1 available after meeting the AI's minimum capital requirements (%)	10.2%	10.4%	9.6%	9.8%	9.4%
Basel III leverage ratio						
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	2,316,118	2,258,835	1,555,488	1,613,710	1,189,263
14	LR (%)	6.1%	6.1%	6.5%	6.2%	5.6%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) / Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR)						
Applicable to category 1 institution only:						
15	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)	373,110	345,541	248,016	211,887	208,005
16	Total net cash outflows	252,139	238,247	161,842	143,618	133,412
17	LCR (%) ³	148%	146%	155%	148%	157%
Applicable to category 2 institution only:						
17a	LMR (%)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

2. Key prudential ratios and metrics (continued)

a. Key prudential ratios (KM1) (continued)

	(a) At 31 March 2020 HK\$'M	(b) At 31 December 2019 HK\$'M	(c) At 30 September 2019 HK\$'M	(d) At 30 June 2019 HK\$'M	(e) At 31 March 2019 HK\$'M	
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) / Core Funding Ratio (CFR)						
Applicable to category 1 institution only:						
18	Total available stable funding	1,211,052	1,241,767	886,068	876,210	714,342
19	Total required stable funding	950,256	964,450	687,728	642,648	542,561
20	NSFR (%)	127%	129%	129%	136%	132%
Applicable to category 2A institution only:						
20a	CFR (%)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

¹ Decrease in countercyclical capital buffer requirement was mainly due to the jurisdictional CCyB of Hong Kong decreased from 2% to 1% during the quarter.

² As announced by the HKMA, the higher loss absorbency requirement for the Group was increased from 1.0% to 1.5% effective from 1 January 2020.

³ Please refer to note 6 for the key drivers of LCR% changes.

2. Key prudential ratios and metrics (continued)

b. Key metrics - LAC requirements for the Group (at LAC consolidation group level) (KM2(A))

The following table sets out a summary information on internal loss-absorbing capacity available, at LAC consolidation group level, of the Group.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	
	At 31 March 2020 HK\$'M	At 31 December 2019 HK\$'M	At 30 September 2019 HK\$'M	At 30 June 2019 ¹ HK\$'M	At 31 March 2019 ¹ HK\$'M	
Of the material entity at LAC consolidation group level						
1	Internal loss-absorbing capacity available	170,654	167,541	129,786	NA	NA
2	Risk-weighted amount under the LAC Rules	865,888	836,118	626,174	NA	NA
3	Internal LAC risk-weighted ratio ³	19.7%	20.0%	20.7%	NA	NA
4	Exposure measure under the LAC Rules	2,316,118	2,258,835	1,555,488	NA	NA
5	Internal LAC leverage ratio	7.4%	7.4%	8.3%	NA	NA
6a	Does the subordination exemption in the antepenultimate paragraph of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet apply? ²	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
6b	Does the subordination exemption in the penultimate paragraph of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet apply? ²	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
6c	If the capped subordination exemption applies, the amount of funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that is recognised as external loss-absorbing capacity, divided by funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that would be recognised as external loss-absorbing capacity if no cap was applied ²	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

¹ The LAC disclosures for the Group commences on 30 September 2019 in accordance with the LAC Rules, accordingly the prior periods' ratio are not applicable.

² The subordination exemptions in the antepenultimate and penultimate paragraphs of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet does not apply in Hong Kong under the LAC Rules.

³ Movement in internal LAC risk-weighted ratio was in line with the movement in Total capital ratio.

c. Key metrics – TLAC requirements for non-HK resolution entity (at resolution group level) (KM2(B))

Please refer to the SC PLC Pillar 3 Disclosures “Key metrics - TLAC requirements (KM2)” in the website www.sc.com.

3. Overview of risk-weighted amount (“RWA”) (OV1)

The following table sets out an overview of capital requirements in terms of a detailed breakdown of RWAs for various risks.

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Consolidated RWA ¹ At 31 March 2020 HK\$'M	At 31 December 2019 HK\$'M	Minimum capital requirements ² At 31 March 2020 HK\$'M
1 Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	571,944	558,919	48,274
2 Of which STC approach	47,043	47,369	3,763
2a Of which BSC approach	–	–	–
3 Of which foundation IRB approach	–	–	–
4 Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach	12,609	11,720	1,069
5 Of which advanced IRB approach	512,292	499,830	43,442
6 Counterparty default risk and default fund contributions	34,905	29,629	2,944
7 Of which SA-CCR*	N/A	N/A	N/A
7a Of which CEM	30,762	25,377	2,606
8 Of which IMM(CCR) approach	–	–	–
9 Of which others	4,143	4,252	338
10 CVA risk	25,685	27,672	2,055
11 Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	–	–	–
12 Collective investment scheme (“CIS”) exposures – LTA*	N/A	N/A	N/A
13 CIS exposures – MBA*	N/A	N/A	N/A
14 CIS exposures – FBA*	N/A	N/A	N/A
14a CIS exposures – combination of approaches*	N/A	N/A	N/A
15 Settlement risk	386	3	31
16 Securitization exposures in banking book	3,008	2,971	241
17 Of which SEC-IRBA	–	–	–
18 Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	3,008	2,971	241
19 Of which SEC-SA	–	–	–
19a Of which SEC-FBA	–	–	–
20 Market risk	98,704	88,449	7,896
21 Of which STM approach	98,704	88,449	7,896
22 Of which IMM approach	–	–	–
23 Capital charge for switch between exposures in trading book and banking book (not applicable before the revised market risk framework takes effect)*	N/A	N/A	N/A
24 Operational risk	84,387	83,160	6,751
24a Sovereign concentration risk	–	–	–
25 Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	13,640	13,216	1,091
26 Capital floor adjustment	–	–	–
26a Deduction to RWA	190	194	15
26b Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	72	76	6
26c Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	118	118	9
27 Total	832,469	803,825	69,268

* Items marked with * will be applicable only after their respective policy frameworks takes effect. Until then, “Not applicable” should be reported in the rows.

¹ RWAs in this table are before the application of the 1.06 scaling factor, where applicable.

² Minimum capital requirement represents the Pillar 1 capital charge at 8% of the RWAs after application of the 1.06 scaling factor, where applicable.

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A))

The following is a summary of the Group's CET1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital and non-capital LAC debt instruments.

	At 31 March 2020		
	Total amount	Amount recognised in regulatory capital HK\$'M	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity HK\$'M
(i) only regulatory capital (but not LAC) requirements			
Perpetual non-cumulative convertible preference shares ¹	US\$500m	3,878	Nil
Subordinated loan due 2020	US\$750m	1,313	Nil
(ii) both regulatory capital and LAC requirements			
CET1 capital instruments			
Ordinary shares:			
5,289 million issued and fully paid ordinary shares	HK\$61,147m	61,147	61,147
AT1 capital instruments			
Perpetual non-cumulative capital securities	US\$250m	1,952	1,952
Floating rate Undated Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	US\$900m	7,031	7,031
Tier 2 capital instruments			
Fixed rate (4.30%) subordinated loan due 2026, callable from 2021	US\$800m	6,202	6,202
Floating rate Tier 2 Notes due 2029, callable from 2024	US\$450m	3,489	3,489
Floating rate Tier 2 Notes due 2031, callable from 2025	US\$250m	1,938	1,938
(iii) only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements			
Non-capital LAC Debt Instruments			
US\$1,000 million Floating Rate Notes due 2022	US\$1,000m	Nil	7,753
US\$600 million Floating Rate Notes due 2022	US\$600m	Nil	4,652
US\$600 million Floating Rate Notes due 2023	US\$600m	Nil	4,652
US\$200 million 3.15 per cent Notes due 2023	US\$200m	Nil	1,551

The full terms and conditions of the Group's capital instruments can be found in the Regulatory Disclosures section of our website, www.sc.com/hk.

¹ HKMA acknowledgement on LAC eligibility obtained 27 April 2020

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(i) Only regulatory capital (but not LAC) requirements

Perpetual non-cumulative convertible preference shares

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Additional Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	N/A
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Preference Shares
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 3,878 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	Nil ⁴
9	Par value of instrument	10 perpetual non-cumulative convertible preference shares at aggregate issue price of USD500 Million and a Liquidation Preference of USD500 Million
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity
11	Original date of issuance	30 December 2014
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	Undated
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	First Call Date: 31 December 2019 Included tax and regulatory redemption options Redemption at 100% of the prevailing Liquidation Preference together with uncanceled but unpaid dividends
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable <i>Coupons / dividends</i>	Each dividend payment date after the First Call Date
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	6.25 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Yes
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Convertible

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

⁴ HKMA acknowledgement on LAC eligibility obtained 27 April 2020

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(i) Only regulatory capital (but not LAC) requirements (continued)

Perpetual non-cumulative convertible preference shares (continued)

24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, “Non-Viability Event” means the earlier of: (a) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (b) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable
25	If convertible, fully or partially	Fully
26	If convertible, conversion rate	Each Preference Share to 12,500,000 A Shares at the USD4.00 per A Share “A Shares” means Class A Ordinary Shares in the share capital of the Bank
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Mandatory
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Common Equity Tier 1
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A
32	If write-down, full or partial	N/A
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N/A
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The Dated Subordinated Notes are immediately senior to Preference Shares
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(i) Only regulatory capital (but not LAC) requirements (continued)

Subordinated loan due 2020

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	XS0520042416 (ISIN Code)
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Notes are governed by and construed in accordance with English Law, except for the provisions relating to the subordination of Subordinated Notes to be issued by the bank which will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	N/A
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Other Tier 2 instruments
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 1,313 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	Nil
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 99.485 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD750 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2010
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	24 June 2020
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	The notes may, at any time, be redeemed at par for taxation reasons
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N/A
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	5.875 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(i) Only regulatory capital (but not LAC) requirements (continued)

Subordinated loan due 2020 (continued)

27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A
32	If write-down, full or partial	N/A
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N/A
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes or any instrument ranking pari passu to Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes are immediately senior to the Dated Subordinated Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	The terms and conditions do not have a provision that requires the instrument to fully absorb losses at the point of non-viability

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements

Ordinary Shares

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Common Equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Ordinary Shares (Class A, B, C and D)
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD61,147 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD61,147 Million
9	Par value of instrument	N/A
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity
11	Original date of issuance	28 June 2004 (706 Million Class A shares) 1 July 2004 (780 Million Class B shares) 29 June 2005 (451 Million Class B shares) 1 June 2019 (342 Million Class C shares) 1 October 2019 (3,010 Million Class D shares)
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	Undated
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N/A
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N/A
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	N/A
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Ordinary Shares (continued)

25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A
32	If write-down, full or partial	N/A
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N/A
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Preference Shares are immediately senior to Ordinary Shares (Class B, C and D) Ordinary Shares (Class B, C and D) are immediately senior to Ordinary Shares (Class A)
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Perpetual non-cumulative capital securities

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Additional Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Perpetual debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 1,952 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 1,952 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD250 Million
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity
11	Original date of issuance	13 December 2017
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	Undated
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	First Call Date: 13 December 2024 Included tax and regulatory redemption options Redemption at 100% of the Capital Securities at their outstanding principal amount together with the distribution accrued but unpaid to the date fixed for redemption
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each dividend payment date after the First Call Date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	5.00 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Yes
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Full discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Perpetual non-cumulative capital securities (continued)

25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, “Non-Viability Event” means the earlier of: (a) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (b) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The Dated Subordinated Notes are immediately senior to Capital Securities
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate undated Additional Tier 1 capital securities

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Additional Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Perpetual debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 7,031 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 7,031 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD900 Million
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	Undated
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional Call Date: 12 April 2026 Early redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each dividend payment date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3-month USD LIBOR + 4.48 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Yes
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Full discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate undated Additional Tier 1 capital securities (continued)

29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Upon a Loss Absorption Event or Non-Viability Event

“Loss Absorption Event” means:

(i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and

(ii) for Securities issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:

(A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and

(B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer;

“Non-Viability Event” means the earlier of:

(a) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and

(b) the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Issuer would become non-viable

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate undated Additional Tier 1 capital securities (continued)

32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The Dated Subordinated Notes are immediately senior to Capital Securities
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Fixed rate (4.30%) subordinated loan due 2026, callable from 2021

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Other Tier 2 instruments
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 6,202 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 6,202 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD800 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	19 December 2016
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	19 December 2026
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	First Call Date: 20 December 2021 Included tax and regulatory redemption options Redemption at 100% of the Subordinated Notes at their outstanding principal amount together with interest accrued but unpaid to the date fixed for redemption
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each interest payment date after the First Call Date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	4.30 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Fixed rate (4.30%) subordinated loan due 2026, callable from 2021 (continued)

28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, “Non-Viability Event” means the earlier of: (a) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (b) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes or any instrument ranking pari passu to Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes are immediately senior to the Dated Subordinated Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

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4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate Tier 2 notes due 2029, callable from 2024

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Other Tier 2 instruments
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 3,489 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 3,489 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD450 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	19 November 2029
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional call date: 19 November 2024 Early redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount Each interest payment date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3-month USD LIBOR + 2.08 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

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³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate Tier 2 notes due 2029, callable from 2024 (continued)

29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Upon a Loss Absorption Event or Non-Viability Event

“Loss Absorption Event” means:

- (i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and
- (ii) for Notes issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:
 - (A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and
 - (B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer;

“Non-Viability Event” means the earlier of:

- (a) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and
- (b) the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Issuer would become non-viable

Footnote:

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² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate Tier 2 notes due 2029, callable from 2024 (continued)

32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes or any instrument ranking pari passu to Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes are immediately senior to the Dated Subordinated Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

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² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate Tier 2 notes due 2031, callable from 2025

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Group & solo
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Other Tier 2 instruments
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 1,938 Million
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 1,938 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD250 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	17 April 2031
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional call date: 17 April 2025 Early redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable <i>Coupons / dividends</i>	Each interest payment date
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3-month USD LIBOR + 2.12 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A

Footnote:

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² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate Tier 2 notes due 2031, callable from 2025 (continued)

29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Upon a Loss Absorption Event or Non-Viability Event

“Loss Absorption Event” means:

(i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and

(ii) for Notes issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:

(A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and

(B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer;

“Non-Viability Event” means the earlier of:

(a) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and

(b) the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Issuer would become non-viable

Footnote:

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² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(ii) Both regulatory capital and LAC requirements (continued)

Floating rate Tier 2 notes due 2031, callable from 2025 (continued)

32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes or any instrument ranking pari passu to Loss Absorbing Non-Preferred Notes are immediately senior to the Dated Subordinated Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements

US\$1,000 million Floating Rate Notes due 2022

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Ineligible
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Non-capital LAC debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	N/A
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 7,753 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD1,000 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	15 January 2022
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional call date: 15 January 2021 Early redemption amount(s) per calculation amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable <i>Coupons / dividends</i>	Each interest payment date
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3-month USD LIBOR + 0.87 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$1,000 million Floating Rate Notes due 2022 (continued)

28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	<p>Upon a Loss Absorption Event</p> <p>“Loss Absorption Event” means:</p> <p>(i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and</p> <p>(ii) for Notes issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:</p> <p>(A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and</p> <p>(B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer</p>
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors) are immediately senior to the Loss Absorbing Non-preferred Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$600 million Floating Rate Notes due 2022

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Ineligible
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Non-capital LAC debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	N/A
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 4,652 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD600 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	23 January 2022
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional call date: 23 January 2021 Early redemption amount(s) per calculation amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each interest payment date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3-month USD LIBOR + 0.87 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$600 million Floating Rate Notes due 2022 (continued)

27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Upon a Loss Absorption Event
		<p>“Loss Absorption Event” means:</p> <p>(i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and</p> <p>(ii) for Notes issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:</p> <p>(A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and</p> <p>(B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer</p>
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors) are immediately senior to the Loss Absorbing Non-preferred Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$600 million Floating Rate Notes due 2023

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Ineligible
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Non-capital LAC debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	N/A
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 4,652 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD600 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	20 January 2023
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional call date: 20 January 2022 Early redemption amount(s) per calculation amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each interest payment date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3-month USD LIBOR + 1.26 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$600 million Floating Rate Notes due 2023 (continued)

28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	<p>Upon a Loss Absorption Event</p> <p>“Loss Absorption Event” means:</p> <p>(i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and</p> <p>(ii) for Notes issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:</p> <p>(A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and</p> <p>(B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer</p>
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors) are immediately senior to the Loss Absorbing Non-preferred Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$200 million 3.15 per cent Notes due 2023

1	Issuer	Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
3a	Means by which enforceability requirement of Section 13 of the TLAC Term Sheet is achieved (for non-capital LAC debt instruments governed by non-Hong Kong law)	N/A
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>		
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	N/A
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo ³ /group/group & solo	Ineligible
6a	Eligible at solo / LAC consolidation group / solo and LAC consolidation group (for LAC purposes)	Solo and LAC consolidation group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Non-capital LAC debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	N/A
8a	Amount recognised in loss-absorbing capacity (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HKD 1,551 Million
9	Par value of instrument	Issue price at 100 per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount of USD200 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability – amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	24 June 2019
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	25 January 2023
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional call date: 25 January 2022 Early redemption amount(s) per calculation amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons, due to Regulatory Capital Event or due to Loss Absorption Disqualification Event or on event of default US\$ 1,000 per Calculation amount
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each interest payment date
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	3.15 per cent per annum
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) and non-capital LAC debt instruments (CCA(A)) (continued)

(iii) Only LAC (but not regulatory capital) requirements (continued)

US\$200 million 3.15 per cent Notes due 2023 (continued)

28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Upon a Loss Absorption Event
		<p>“Loss Absorption Event” means:</p> <p>(i) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority is satisfied that the Issuer has ceased, or is likely to cease, to be viable and there is no reasonable prospect that private sector action (outside of resolution) would result in it again becoming viable within a reasonable period (in both cases, without taking into account the write-down or conversion into ordinary shares on any LAC debt instruments); and</p> <p>(ii) for Notes issued directly to a group company in a non-Hong Kong jurisdiction, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that:</p> <p>(A) the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority has notified the Home Authority of the Relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority’s intention to notify the issuer under paragraph (i) above; and</p> <p>(B) the Home Authority (x) has consented to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer or (y) has not, within 24 hours after receiving notice under subparagraph (ii)(A) above, objected to the write-down or conversion of the relevant Securities issued by the Issuer</p>
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
34a	Type of subordination	Contractual
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors) are immediately senior to the Loss Absorbing Non-preferred Notes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A

Footnote:

¹ Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

³ Include solo-consolidated

5. Leverage ratio (LR2)

The following table sets out a detailed breakdown of the components of the LR denominator.

	(a)	(b)	
	At 31 March 2020 HK\$'M	At 31 December 2019 HK\$'M	
On-balance sheet exposures			
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs, but including collateral)	1,965,934	1,910,758
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital	(15,107)	(16,956)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative and SFTs)	1,950,827	1,893,802
Exposures arising from derivative contracts			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	47,794	32,957
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	73,738	72,166
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework	–	–
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under derivative contracts	–	–
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	–	–
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivative	1,663	2,085
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivative	(233)	(817)
11	Total exposures arising from derivative contracts¹	122,962	106,391
Exposures arising from SFTs			
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	76,061	99,836
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	–	–
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	9,315	4,467
15	Agent transaction exposures	–	–
16	Total exposures arising from SFTs²	85,376	104,303
Other off-balance sheet exposures			
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount ³	815,697	830,767
18	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(652,705)	(671,480)
19	Off-balance sheet items	162,992	159,287
Capital and total exposures			
20	Tier 1 capital	141,501	138,097
20a	Total exposures before adjustments for specific and collective provisions	2,322,157	2,263,783
20b	Adjustments for specific and collective provisions	(6,039)	(4,948)
21	Total exposures after adjustments for specific and collective provisions	2,316,118	2,258,835
Leverage ratio			
22	Leverage ratio	6.11%	6.11%

¹ Increase in total exposures arising from derivative contracts was mainly due to increase in derivatives volume and positive mark-to-market.

² Decrease in total exposures arising from SFTs was mainly due to decrease in reverse repo, partly offset by increase in repo transactions.

³ Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount decreased was mainly due to decrease in commitments that are unconditionally cancellable which has 10% credit conversion factor, partly offset by the increase in forward deposits which has 100% credit conversion factor.

6. Liquidity Coverage Ratio – for category 1 institution (LIQ1)

The following table sets out the details of LCR, high quality liquid assets (“HQLA”), and a breakdown of cash outflows and inflows.

Number of data points used in calculating the average value of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and related components set out in this Template for the quarter ending on 31 December 2019 and 31 March 2020 are 75 and 74.

		Q1 2020 Currency: (HK\$mil)		Q4 2019 Currency: (HK\$mil)	
		UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	UNWEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)	WEIGHTED AMOUNT (Average Value)
Basis of disclosure: Consolidated					
A. HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)		373,110		345,541
B. CASH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail deposits and small business funding, of which:	739,709	56,183	733,671	56,005
3	Stable retail deposits and stable small business funding	228,500	10,648	221,198	10,650
4	Less stable retail deposits and less stable small business funding	399,504	39,950	394,630	39,463
4a	Retail term deposits and small business term funding	111,705	5,585	117,843	5,892
5	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) and debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the institution, of which:	757,846	329,146	736,365	320,316
6	Operational deposits	389,595	95,886	381,020	93,696
7	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) not covered in Row 6	365,620	230,629	351,911	223,186
8	Debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the institution and redeemable within the LCR period	2,631	2,631	3,434	3,434
9	Secured funding transactions (including securities swap transactions)		2,046		844
10	Additional requirements, of which:	331,961	55,923	330,216	55,364
11	Cash outflows arising from derivative contracts and other transactions, and additional liquidity needs arising from related collateral requirements	25,154	25,131	24,603	24,567
12	Cash outflows arising from obligations under structured financing transactions and repayment of funding obtained from such transactions	372	372	699	699
13	Potential drawdown of undrawn committed facilities (including committed credit facilities and committed liquidity facilities)	306,435	30,420	304,914	30,098
14	Contractual lending obligations (not otherwise covered in Section B) and other contractual cash outflows	52,450	52,450	42,646	42,646
15	Other contingent funding obligations (whether contractual or non-contractual)	535,727	2,401	518,637	1,847
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		498,149		477,022
C. CASH INFLOWS					
17	Secured lending transactions (including securities swap transactions)	46,072	11,853	34,817	8,138
18	Secured and unsecured loans (other than secured lending transactions covered in Row 17) and operational deposits placed at other financial institutions	303,327	167,019	313,053	180,066
19	Other cash inflows	78,925	67,138	61,326	50,571
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	428,324	246,010	409,196	238,775
D. LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO					
21	TOTAL HQLA		373,110		345,541
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		252,139		238,247
23	LCR (%)		148%		146%

6. Liquidity Coverage Ratio – for category 1 institution (LIQ1) (continued)

Key Drivers

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) measures the short-term resilience of the Group's liquidity risk profile, and is sensitive to balance sheet movement and composition. The Group has maintained a strong liquidity position and well above the regulatory requirement of 100% throughout Q1 of 2020 in spite of the challenging environment. The quarterly average of LCR was 148% for the quarter ending 31 Mar 2020 (31 Dec 2019: 146%), mainly as a result of increase in average HQLA holdings and deposits, thereby having a positive impact on our LCR position.

Composition of High Quality Liquid Asset ("HQLA")

The Group holds significant levels of high quality unencumbered liquid assets that can be liquefied, repo-ed or used as collateral in the event of a liquidity stress.

The liquid assets consist predominately of Level 1 assets, including mainly cash and central bank reserves, Hong Kong exchange fund bills and notes, US treasuries and other marketable debt securities issued or guaranteed by other central banks and governments. In addition, the Group also holds level 2 assets such as high quality covered bonds, corporate bonds and bonds issued by public sector entities.

Concentration of Funding Sources

Our assets are primarily funded by customer deposits, largely made up of low cost and stable current and savings accounts. This forms a stable base for the Group's funding requirement. In addition, wholesale funding is widely diversified by client type and maturity which helps managing liquidity mismatches as required. The Group has various internal quantitative limits and metrics in place to monitor deposit concentrations, as well as HQLA Issuer concentrations.

The Regional Asset and Liability Management Committee ("RALCO") and the Country Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") monitor trends in the balance sheet and ensure that any concerns that might impact the stability of deposits are addressed in an effective and timely manner. RALCO and ALCO also review balance sheet plans to ensure that projected asset growth is matched by growth in customer deposits.

Derivatives Exposure

The use of derivatives for hedging and sale to customers as risk management products is an important part of the Group's business activities. These instruments are also used to manage the Group's own exposures to market risk. The principal derivative instruments used by the Group are foreign exchange related and interest rate related contracts. Derivative positions are mark-to-market on a daily basis.

6. Liquidity Coverage Ratio – for category 1 institution (LIQ1) (continued)

Currency Mismatch on LCR

Customer assets are as far as possible funded in the same currency. Where mismatches arise, they are controlled by limits on the amount of foreign currency that can be swapped to local currency and vice versa. Such limits are therefore a means of controlling reliance on foreign exchange markets, which minimizes the risk that obligations could not be met in the required currency in the event that access to foreign exchange markets becomes restricted.

Majority of the Group's customer deposits are denominated in HKD, USD, CNY and KRW. The Group holds higher USD denominated HQLA due to its significant market depth and ease of conversion in the event of liquidity stress. This is in line with the Alternative Liquidity Approach option prescribed by HKMA. During this period, the Group maintained an amount of HKD-denominated level 1 assets well above the regulatory requirement of 20% of its HKD-denominated total net cash outflows.

Liquidity management

Treasury-Markets is responsible for managing the Group's liquidity position within the approved liquidity and funding risk limits and thresholds. Oversight under the liquidity and funding framework resides with RALCO and ALCO, supported by Treasury-Markets. RALCO and ALCO also ensure the Group remains in compliance with liquidity policies and practices, as well as local regulatory requirements.

It is the Group's policy to manage liquidity without presumption of the Group's parent support. RALCO and ALCO are responsible for ensuring that the Group is able to maintain adequate liquidity at all times and be in a position to meet all obligations as they fall due; repay depositors and fulfil all commitments to lend.

7. RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB approach (CR8)

The following table sets out a flow statement explaining variations in the RWA for credit risk determined under the IRB approach.

	(a) Amount HK\$'M
1 RWA as at end of previous reporting period (31 December 2019)	511,550
2 Asset size ¹	13,764
3 Asset quality	5,949
4 Model updates	–
5 Methodology and policy	–
6 Acquisitions and disposals	–
7 Foreign exchange movements	(6,362)
8 Other	–
9 RWA as at end of reporting period (31 March 2020)	524,901

¹ Increase in RWA from asset size was mainly driven by increase in assets of Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited.

8. Market risk exposures on guaranteed retirement funds

The capital requirement for the Group's guaranteed retirement funds is calculated based on the potential shortfall between the estimated returns from the funds and the guaranteed returns. The projected returns are estimated using a simulation approach with a 99% confidence level. The model is back-tested against actual results. As of 31 March 2020, the accounting provisions exceed the potential shortfalls, hence there are no additional capital requirements.